

Property Information:

J D
636 BENFIELD RD
SEVERN, MD 21146



Neighborhood Summary

ENVIRONMENTAL RECORDS WITHIN 300 FEET: *Good News!*

This report found no environmental records within 300 feet of the property located at 636 BENFIELD RD. Additional information is located in Section A.

ENVIRONMENTAL RECORDS BEYOND 300 FEET

The report found 8 environmental records beyond 300 feet of the property. For additional information, see Section B.

About This Report

This report has been compiled by Environmental Data Resources, Inc. (EDR). EDR is the leading national provider of environmental risk information to environmental and home inspection professionals. This report compares the property address against selected government databases of known and potential contamination sites. This report provides no information on the status of the interior structures on the property such as, but not limited to, the existence of mold, asbestos, lead, radon, vapor intrusion or other issues.

For your convenience, this report is organized into the following sections:

Section A provides information about records of known and potential environmental records within a 300 foot radius of the street address provided.

Section B provides information about records of known and potential environmental issues beyond 300 feet of the street address provided. The selected databases are searched to distances most commonly used by environmental professionals.

Section C provides information about records that lack sufficient address information for sites to be accurately located. Records where EDR can identify the site status as "closed" or "no further action" are not included in this section.

Section D provides descriptions and explanations of the databases used, and contact information for government agencies. If you have concerns about the findings in this report, we recommend that you contact the relevant government agency that can provide additional information about specific environmental issues.

ENVIRONMENTAL RECORDS WITHIN 300 FEET

Sites with **Known** Contamination Within 300 Feet: No Records Found

Sites are tracked by the government in a variety of databases. Database descriptions can be found in Section D of this report.

- ✓ No **Oil Control Program Cases** were identified.
- ✓ No **Landfills** were identified.
- ✓ No **EPA Final Superfund Sites** were identified.
- ✓ No **EPA Proposed Superfund Sites (CERCLIS)** were identified.
- ✓ No **Hazardous Waste Treatment Storage and Disposal Sites** were identified.
- ✓ No **State Hazardous Waste Sites** were identified.
- ✓ No **Emergency Response Notification Sites** were identified.

Sites with **Potential** Contamination Within 300 Feet: No Records Found

Sites are tracked by the government in a variety of databases. Database descriptions can be found in Section D of this report.

- ✓ No **Clandestine Drug Lab Sites from Federal Sources** were identified.
- ✓ No **CDC Environmental Health Assessments** were identified.
- ✓ No **Active Department of Defense Sites** were identified.
- ✓ No **Former Department of Defense Sites** were identified.
- ✓ No **Manufactured Gas Plants** were identified.
- ✓ No **Radioactive Material Activity Sites** were identified.

ENVIRONMENTAL RECORDS BEYOND 300 FEET

Sites with **Known** Contamination Beyond 300 Feet: 8 Records Found

Sites are tracked by the government in a variety of databases. Database descriptions can be found in Section D of this report.

- ▼ 8 [Oil Control Program Cases](#) were identified beyond 300 feet and within 1/2 mile.
- ✓ No [Landfills](#) were identified beyond 300 feet and within 1/2 mile.
- ✓ No [EPA Final Superfund Sites](#) were identified beyond 300 feet and within 1 mile.
- ✓ No [EPA Proposed Superfund Sites \(CERCLIS\)](#) were identified beyond 300 feet and within 1/2 mile.
- ✓ No [Hazardous Waste Treatment Storage and Disposal Sites](#) were identified beyond 300 feet and within 1/2 mile.
- ✓ No [State Hazardous Waste Sites](#) were identified beyond 300 feet and within 1 mile.

Sites with **Potential** Contamination Beyond 300 Feet: No Records Found

Sites are tracked by the government in a variety of databases. Database descriptions can be found in Section D of this report.

- ✓ No [Clandestine Drug Lab Sites from Federal Sources](#) were identified beyond 300 feet and within 1/8 mile.
- ✓ No [CDC Environmental Health Assessments](#) were identified beyond 300 feet and within 1/4 mile.
- ✓ No [Active Department of Defense Sites](#) were identified beyond 300 feet and within 1/4 mile.
- ✓ No [Former Department of Defense Sites](#) were identified beyond 300 feet and within 1/4 mile.
- ✓ No [Manufactured Gas Plants](#) were identified beyond 300 feet and within 1/4 mile.
- ✓ No [Radioactive Material Activity Sites](#) were identified beyond 300 feet and within 1/4 mile.

DETAIL: SITES WITH KNOWN CONTAMINATION BEYOND 300 FEET

Sites with **Known** Contamination are tracked by the government in a variety of databases. Database descriptions can be found in Section D of this report.

▼ 8 Oil Control Program Cases were identified beyond 300 feet and within 1/2 mile.

The Oil Control Program regulates all oil-related activities, such as aboveground and underground oil storage facilities, oil-contaminated soil treatment facilities, and oil transportation.

Location	Distance from Property	EDR ID #
RUTH LATIMER RESIDENCE..... Facility Status: CLOSED	5 WESTERLY WAY..... 0.1 mile South.....	S107665355
MARGARET FITZGIBBONS..... Facility Status: CLOSED	526 LAKELAND RD..... 0.2 mile SW.....	S104600094
7-11 STORE..... Facility Status: CLOSED	JUMPERS HOLE RD / BENFIELD RD..... 0.3 mile East.....	S108474681
BENFIELD ELEMENTARY..... Facility Status: CLOSED	365 LYNWOOD DRIVE..... 0.4 mile NNE.....	U003753131
ABANDON HOUSE..... Facility Status: CLOSED	1300 OAK RD..... 0.4 mile SSE.....	S104617351
LAURA STANTON..... Facility Status: CLOSED	616 JUMPERS HOLE RD..... 0.5 mile SSE.....	S104597099
GWYN WALKOFF PROPERTY..... Facility Status: CLOSED	537 LAKEVIEW CIRCLE..... 0.5 mile WSW.....	S105898457
SHELL..... Facility Status: CLOSED	537 BENFIELD BLVD..... 0.5 mile ESE.....	S104848286

Sample -- Not For Resale



UNLOCATED SITES

Government records occasionally lack sufficient address information for some sites to be accurately plotted to an exact location. The following site(s) may or may not be in a close proximity to the target property. Records where EDR can identify the site status as "closed" or "no further action" are not included in the following list.

<u>Location</u>	<u>Database(s)</u>	<u>EDR ID #</u>
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No unlocated sites were found

Sample -- Not For Resale

EXPLANATION AND FOLLOW-UP DISCUSSION

Information in the EDR Neighborhood Environmental Report™ is gathered from certain Government agencies and proprietary sources. For each of the databases searched, the following section provides a:

- description of the database
- contact number and web site for more information (where available)
- version date of the database searched (where available)

EXPLANATION: SITES WITH KNOWN CONTAMINATION

Oil Control Program Sites Database (OCPCASES)

The Oil Control Program within the Waste Management Administration of the Maryland Department of the Environment regulates all oil-related activities, such as aboveground and underground oil storage facilities, oil-contaminated soil treatment facilities, and oil transportation. The Program oversees the installation, maintenance, operation and removal of oil storage tanks. The Program maintains a strong field presence. Inspectors investigate complaints of illegal dumping and the improper handling of oil as well as non-compliance with State and federal regulations.

The following programs are overseen by the Maryland Oil Control Program:

UNDERGROUND STORAGE TANKS (USTs): The Oil Control Program has highly trained staff to help companies and individuals ensure that their USTs are in compliance with State and federal regulations. All regulated USTs within Maryland are required to be registered through the Underground Storage Tank Notification Program. All USTs storing motor fuels (i.e., gasoline, diesel) must be upgraded or replaced by December 1998 to specific technical standards (corrosion protection and spill/overflow protection) or removed from the ground. Other standards such as leak/release detection and financial responsibility were required by December 1993.

LEAKING USTs (LUSTs): Should a tank leak, the Oil Control Program oversees the cleanup. Approximately 1,000 responsible party cleanup activities are occurring around the State. The objective is to assure the protection of Maryland citizens and our environment.

ABOVEGROUND STORAGE TANKS (ASTs): The Oil Control Program issues oil operations permits to facilities that store virgin oil, including gasoline, in ASTs with 10,000 gallons or more capacity or store used oil in ASTs with 1,000 gallons or more capacity. Our staff is available to assist in reviewing plans and is available to interpret State and federal regulations regarding ASTs.

UST LOAN PROGRAM: A program through the Water Management Administration, known as Linked Deposit may provide owners of underground oil storage tanks a way to replace those tanks.

REIMBURSEMENT PROGRAM: The Oil Contaminated Site Environmental Cleanup Fund was established to reimburse UST owners or operators for costs incurred after October 1, 1993 for the cleanup of contaminated sites. As of July 2000, owners of commercial underground heating oil tanks and residential owners of underground and above ground heating oil systems were included in this program.

Status Field definitions:

- Open

- Closed

The site has been remediated and No Further Action is required.

For more information about Oil Control Program Sites in this report, contact the: Maryland Department of the Environment, 800-633-6101, http://www.mde.state.md.us/Programs/LandPrograms/Oil_Control/PollutionManagement/index.asp

Source: Maryland Department of Environment

Date of Government Version: 01/18/2008

Search Distance in this report: 1/2 mile from Target Property

Landfills Database (SWF/LF)

Maryland Department of the Environment regulates Solid Waste Acceptance (SWA) facilities to ensure the proper disposal of solid waste in an environmentally acceptable manner while protecting the public health and the environment, including surface and groundwater. A Refuse

Disposal (RD) Permit is required for the installation, alteration, or extension of a SWA facility. The RD Permit regulates the design, construction, operation, and monitoring of such facilities to minimize the impact on public health and the environment. Municipal, rubble, and some industrial waste landfills are required to have liners and leachate collection systems that facilitate the collection of leachate and prevent migration of pollutants out of the landfill to adjacent subsurface soil, groundwater, and surface water. (The term leachate is used to describe the liquid formed when precipitation soaks into landfill waste and migrates downward through waste due to gravity. As liquids move through the waste, they may extract substances leaching out of the waste - hence the term "leachate.") With some exceptions, processing and transfer activities are required to be conducted in an enclosed building to control odor, dust, noise, and the like.

SWA facilities, which are regulated by a RD Permit, include:

- Municipal landfills
- Rubble [construction and demolition (C&D) debris] landfills
- Non-hazardous industrial waste landfills
- Land clearing debris landfills
- Waste-to-energy facilities
- Municipal incinerators
- Special medical waste incinerators
- Special medical waste processing facilities
- Solid waste processing facilities
- Solid waste transfer stations

For more information about Landfills in this report, contact the: Maryland Department of the Environment, 800-633-6101, http://www.mde.state.md.us/Programs/LandPrograms/Solid_Waste/home/index.asp

Source: Maryland Department of the Environment
Date of Government Version: 01/17/2008
Search Distance in this report: 1/2 mile from Target Property

EPA Final Superfund Sites Database (NPL)

EPA Final Superfund Sites Database (NPL) is the list of national priorities among the known releases or threatened releases of hazardous substances, pollutants, or contaminants throughout the United States and its territories. The NPL is intended primarily to guide the EPA in determining which sites warrant further investigation.

Superfund is the Federal government's program to clean up the nation's uncontrolled hazardous waste sites. Under the Superfund program, abandoned, accidentally spilled, or illegally dumped hazardous waste that pose a current or future threat to human health or the environment are cleaned up. To accomplish its mission, EPA works closely with communities, Potentially Responsible Parties (PRPs), scientists, researchers, contractors, and state, local, tribal, and Federal authorities. Together with these groups, EPA identifies hazardous waste sites, tests the conditions of the sites, formulates cleanup plans, and cleans up the sites.

For more information about EPA Final Superfund Sites in this report, contact the: Environmental Protection Agency, Superfund Hotline, 800-424-9346 or 703-412-9810, <http://www.epa.gov/superfund/sites/npl/index.htm>.

Source: Environmental Protection Agency
Date of Government Version: 01/31/2008
Search Distance in this report: 1 mile from Target Property

EPA Proposed Superfund Sites Database (CERCLIS)

The Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act (CERCLA), commonly known as Superfund, was enacted by Congress on December 11, 1980. CERCLA contains information on hazardous waste sites, potential hazardous waste sites, and remedial activities across the nation, including sites that are on the National Priorities List (NPL) or being considered for the NPL.

Superfund is the Federal government's program to clean up the nation's uncontrolled hazardous waste sites. Under the Superfund program, abandoned, accidentally spilled, or illegally dumped hazardous waste that pose a current or future threat to human health or the environment are cleaned up. To accomplish its mission, EPA works closely with communities, Potentially Responsible Parties (PRPs), scientists, researchers, contractors, and state, local, tribal, and Federal authorities. Together with these groups, EPA identifies hazardous waste sites, tests the conditions of the sites, formulates cleanup plans, and cleans up the sites.

For more information about EPA Proposed Superfund Sites in this report, contact the: Environmental Protection Agency, 703-413-0223 or <http://www.epa.gov/superfund/action/law/cercla.htm>

Source: Environmental Protection Agency

Date of Government Version: 01/09/2008

Search Distance in this report: 1/2 mile from Target Property

Hazardous Waste Treatment Storage and Disposal Sites Database (RCRAInfo)

RCRAInfo is EPA's comprehensive information system, providing access to data supporting the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) of 1976 and the Hazardous and Solid Waste Amendments (HSWA) of 1984. The database includes selective information on sites which generate, transport, store, treat and/or dispose of hazardous waste as defined by the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA). Transporters are individuals or entities that move hazardous waste from the generator offsite to a facility that can recycle, treat, store, or dispose of the waste. TSDFs treat, store, or dispose of the waste.

For more information about RCRA Treatment, Storage and Disposal sites in this report, contact the: Environmental Protection Agency at <http://www.epa.gov/osw/>

Source: Environmental Protection Agency

Date of Government Version: 09/11/2007

Search Distance in this report: 1/2 mile from Target Property

State Hazardous Waste Sites Database (SHWS)

Maryland's state hazardous waste program is the equivalent to CERCLIS. Hazardous Waste may be produced as a by-product of certain manufacturing operations. In addition, many commercial chemical products are regulated as hazardous waste once they are discarded or intended to be discarded. The Hazardous Waste Program of the Maryland Department of the Environment (MDE) is responsible for the regulation of hazardous waste in Maryland.

Status Field definitions:

- NFRAP (No Further Remedial Action Planned)

Indicates that EPA, based on available information at the time of evaluation, has decided not to take further action under CERCLA. This EPA decision does not mean there is no hazard associated with the property. It means only that EPA has determined that it is not among the nation's most seriously contaminated sites and does not warrant federal action.

- FIS (Formerly Investigated Sites)

The Formerly Investigated Sites List identifies State Master List sites at which the Department of Environment has determined that, based on available information, no further action by the State is planned.

- UI

Under Investigation

- NPL

Indicates that a site is listed on the National Priorities List (NPL), a federal list of the nation's most severely contaminated hazardous waste sites that are generally addressed under the lead of the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).

- DEFERRAL

Pursuant to a "Deferral Agreement" between the Maryland Department of Environment and EPA Region III, NPL caliber sites may be deferred to the State for action if it is appropriate and the State has the necessary resources and expertise to address a site.

For more information about State Hazardous Waste Sites in this report, contact the: Maryland Department of the Environment, 800-633-6101, http://www.mde.state.md.us/Programs/LandPrograms/Hazardous_Waste/home/index.asp

Source: Maryland Department of the Environment

Date of Government Version: 08/01/2006

Search Distance in this report: 1 mile from Target Property

Emergency Response Notification System (ERNS)

Emergency Response Notification System, also known as The National Response System (NRS), is the government's mechanism for emergency response to discharges of oil and the release of chemicals into the navigable waters or environment of the United States and its territories. Initially, this system focused on oil spills and selected hazardous polluting substances discharged into the environment. It has since been expanded by other legislation to include hazardous substances and wastes released to all types of media.

For more information about Emergency Response Notification System in this report, contact the: National Response Center, United States Coast Guard, 800-424-8802 or <http://www.nrc.uscg.mil/nrsinfo.html>

Source: National Response Center, United States Coast Guard
Date of Government Version: 12/31/2007
Search Distance in this report: 300 feet from Target Property

EXPLANATION: SITES WITH POTENTIAL CONTAMINATION

Clandestine Drug Labs Sites from Federal Sources (US CDL)

Clandestine Drug Labs Sites from Federal Sources is a listing of drug lab location from the U.S. Department of Justice ("the Department"). It contains addresses of some locations where law enforcement agencies reported they found chemicals or other items that indicated the presence of either clandestine drug laboratories or dumpsites. In most cases, the source of the entries is not the Department, and the Department has not verified the entry and does not guarantee its accuracy. Members of the public must verify the accuracy of all entries by, for example, contacting local law enforcement and local health departments.

For more information about Clandestine Drug Labs from Federal Sources in this report, contact the Drug Enforcement Administration, 202-307-1000

Source: Drug Enforcement Administration
Date of Government Version: 09/01/2007
Search Distance in this report: 1/8 mile from Target Property

CDC Environmental Health Assessments Database

The Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry, ATSDR, is an agency of the U.S. Public Health Service. It was established by Congress in 1980 under the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act, also known as the Superfund law. This law set up a fund to identify and clean up our country's hazardous waste sites. The Environmental Protection Agency, EPA, and the individual states regulate the investigation and clean up of the sites.

Since 1986, ATSDR has been required by law to conduct a public health assessment at each of the sites on the EPA National Priorities List. The aim of these evaluations is to find out if people are being exposed to hazardous substances and, if so, whether that exposure is harmful and should be stopped or reduced. If appropriate, ATSDR also conducts public health assessments when petitioned by concerned individuals. Public health assessments are carried out by environmental and health scientists from ATSDR and from the states with which ATSDR has cooperative agreements.

Exposure: As the first step in the evaluation, ATSDR scientists review environmental data to see how much contamination is at a site, where it is, and how people might come into contact with it. Generally, ATSDR does not collect its own environmental sampling data but reviews information provided by EPA, other government agencies, businesses, and the public. When there is not enough environmental information available, the report will indicate what further sampling data is needed.

Health Effects: If the review of the environmental data shows that people have or could come into contact with hazardous substances, ATSDR scientists then evaluate whether or not there will be any harmful effects from these exposures. The report focuses on public health, or the health impact on the community as a whole, rather than on individual risks. Again, ATSDR generally makes use of existing scientific information, which can include the results of medical, toxicologic and epidemiologic studies and the data collected in disease registries. The science of environmental health is still developing, and sometimes scientific information on the health effects of certain substances is not available. When this is so, the report will suggest what further research studies are needed.

Conclusions: The report presents conclusions about the level of health threat, if any, posed by a site and recommends ways to stop or reduce exposure in its public health action plan. ATSDR is primarily an advisory agency, so usually these reports identify what actions are appropriate to be undertaken by EPA, other responsible parties, or the research or education divisions of ATSDR. However, if there is an urgent health threat, ATSDR can issue a public health advisory warning people of the danger. ATSDR can also authorize health education or pilot studies of health effects, full-scale epidemiology studies, disease registries, surveillance studies or research on specific hazardous substances.

For more information about CDC Environmental Health Assessments in this report, contact the: Center for Disease Control, 800-232-4636 or <http://www.atsdr.cdc.gov/hac/pha/index.asp>

Source: Center for Disease Control

Date of Government Version: 09/27/2007

Search Distance in this report: 1/4 mile from Target Property

Active Department of Defense Site Database (DOD)

Over the last 20 years, the Defense Environmental Restoration Program (DERP) has evolved into a mature program addressing environmental restoration activities at its active installation, base realignment and closure (BRAC) installation, and formerly used defense sites (FUDS). Reducing and managing risk is a central element of the DERP. In its earlier years, the DERP focused heavily on the identification, investigation, and cleanup of land impacted by decades of defense operations and training activities. As the program expanded to include historic use of military munitions at its active installations, the program progressed from study to cleanup of industrial remediation of past contamination.

The DERP has also included demolition and removing unsafe buildings and structures primarily at former DoD properties that pose health risks to personnel and the general public. In all 50 states, the District of Columbia, and 8 U.S. territories, DoD is working to protect citizens and our natural resources by restoring public lands. DoD has created two distinct programs within the DERP to most effectively address remediation of its sites. The Installation Restoration Program (IRP) primarily addresses sites impacted by hazardous substances. These sites are similar sites across the country contaminated from past practices at industrial and commercial areas, such as municipal landfills and factories. The IRP is a proven program with successes achieved over the past two decades. Through the newly established Military Munitions Response Program (MMRP), DoD can most effectively respond to unexploded ordnance and military munitions waste at areas other than operational ranges. In the coming years, DoD will develop the MMRP to mirror the successes of the IRP.

For more information about Department of Defense Sites in this report, contact the: Department of Defense Cleanup Office, 800-225-3842 or <http://www.dtic.mil/envirodod/COoffice/COWebL.htm>.

Source: Department of Defense

Date of Government Version: 12/31/2005

Search Distance in this report: 1/4 mile from Target Property

Former Department of Defense Sites Database (FUDS)

Formerly Used Defense Sites (FUDS) as defined by the Defense Environmental Restoration Program Management Guidance are real properties that were under the jurisdiction of the Secretary of Defense and owned by, leased by, or otherwise possessed by the United States. Located throughout the United States, these properties are now owned by private individuals, corporations, state and local governments, federal agencies, and tribal governments. The OSD Cleanup Office is responsible for programming and budgeting for FUDS requirements.

The Army is the executive agent for management of FUDS properties, while the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (USACE) is the day-to-day executor for all aspects of the program. FUDS project categories include, but are not limited to:

- Hazardous, toxic and radioactive waste (HTRW);
- Management of FUDS properties, while the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (USACE) is the day-to-day executor for all aspects of the program;
- Containerized HTRW;
- Building demolition and debris removal;
- Potentially responsible party sites;

USACE catalogs all FUDS properties on their site inventory, which details property locations, property number, and status of potentially hazardous findings. Three phases may be used to determine the restoration process at FUDS properties: Inventory, Investigation, and Cleanup. Once the property is confirmed as being formerly used by a defense agency, it is entered into the FUDS inventory. If contamination resulting from past Defense practices exists, an investigation must be conducted to determine the extent of the contamination and the appropriate response. Once these two phases are completed a cleanup process will begin to reduce the risk of human health and the environment, or to improve public safety. Cleanup activities are accomplished based on priority sites posing the greatest risks are addressed first.

For more information about Formerly Used Defense Sites in this report, contact the: US Army Corps of Engineers, 202-528-4285 or <http://hq.environmental.usace.army.mil/programs/fuds/fuds.html>.

Source: U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

Date of Government Version: 12/31/2006

Search Distance in this report: 1/4 mile from Target Property

EDR Proprietary Manufactured Gas Plants

The EDR Proprietary Manufactured Gas Plant Database includes records of coal gas plants (manufactured gas plants) compiled by EDR's researchers. Manufactured gas sites were used in the United States from the 1800's to 1950's to produce a gas that could be distributed and used as fuel. These plants used whale oil, rosin, coal, or a mixture of coal, oil, and water that also produced a significant

amount of waste. Many of the byproducts of the gas production, such as coal tar (oily waste containing volatile and non-volatile chemicals), sludges, oils and other compounds are potentially hazardous to human health and the environment. The byproduct from this process was frequently disposed of directly at the plant site and can remain or spread slowly, serving as a continuous source of soil and groundwater contamination.

Source: EDR Inc.
Date of Government Version: 01/09/2008
Search Distance in this report: 1/4 mile from Target Property

Radioactive Material Activity Sites Database (MLTS)

Radioactive Material Activity Sites, also known as the Material Licensing Tracking System (MLTS), is maintained by the Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC) and contains a list of sites which possess or use radioactive materials and which are subject to NRC licensing requirements. MLTS database lists the NRC's licenses issued for the operation of nuclear power plants, nuclear waste repositories or medical, industrial, or research applications. The NRC is responsible for ensuring the public health and safety through licensing, inspection, and environmental reviews for all activities.

For more information about Radioactive Material Activity Site in this report, contact the: Nuclear Regulatory Commission, 800-368-5642

Source: Nuclear Regulatory Commission
Date of Government Version: 01/15/2008
Search Distance in this report: 1/4 mile from Target Property

STREET AND ADDRESS INFORMATION

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